

The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 47. NO. 40

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1914

PRICE THREE CENTS

89 STATED MEETING

The New Castle Presbytery Held Interesting Session

REV. CANDEE MODERATOR

The eighty-ninth stated meeting of the Presbytery of New Castle which opened Monday afternoon came to a close at the Lower Brandywine Presbyterian church Tuesday afternoon.

The meeting opened yesterday morning with devotional services led by the Rev. L. W. Gunby, of Salisbury, Md., and a prayer by the Rev. Charles L. Candee, the newly chosen moderator. Considerable time was taken during the morning in routine work and adjusting bills and overtures of the Presbytery. A call from the pastorate of the Elmside church for the Rev. J. Edgar Franklin was read and found in order.

A committee was appointed to arrange the installation exercises which will take place on the evening of November 5. The rest of the morning was taken up in revising the rules of the Presbytery. Revised copies have been ordered and will be distributed among the members. An excellent dinner was then served in the dining room by the women of the Lower Brandywine church. Many pleasing remarks were heard from the members of the Presbytery in appreciation for the pleasant repasts served to them. In all there were four.

After a recess until 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the final session was opened. A committee for the revision of rules was appointed and includes: The Rev. J. R. Mulligan, St. Georges, Del.; the Rev. William Crawford, Greenhill church, Wilmington; the Rev. Thomas Kerr, Berlin, Md.; Frank Shephard, Wilmington; L. W. Gunby, Salisbury, Md.

Several other committees were appointed to carry on the progressive work of the Presbytery.

On account of the removal of the Rev. B. J. Brinkema, former editor of the Peninsula Presbyterian, to Milton, Pa., a new editor was appointed. He is Morgan T. Gum of Frankford Del. The editorial committee which will assist him consists of L. A. Bower, Wilmington; the Rev. J. H. Huffman, West Nottingham, Md.; the Rev. William Corbett, Wilmington; L. W. Gunby, Salisbury; J. M. C. Carhart, Zion, Md.

Discussion of the making of a new map showing the location of the churches of the Presbytery was opened, but it was decided to use the old one. It will be sent out with the copies of the revised rules.

The Rev. Edwin J. Reink of Pittsburgh, Pa., associate secretary of the temperance board, delivered a very interesting address, in which he lay special emphasis on the taking up of abolition of the liquor traffic by the Presbytery. He said that there was a day of dawning vision for everything and that people would soon realize that the temperance question is greater than realized. Mr. Reink is very well informed on the question and he gave some very interesting statistics. In concluding, he said that it is the social question of the hour, and that it was a splendid opportunity to take the leadership in such a movement.

The meeting then adjourned to meet with the Synod of Baltimore, which meets in New Castle in the Central Presbyterian church on October 27. The closing prayer was offered by the Rev. Josiah H. Crawford, following which supper was served by the women of the church.

FRUIT IS GOING TO WASTE

A traveler through Western Maryland paints a sorrowful picture of golden fruit going to waste because of the large surplus crop, which has glutted the markets and made sales unprofitable. "It is a beautiful sight to the tourist," said the traveler, "to speed for miles and miles amid peach and apple orchards in Western Maryland. It is beautiful to tourists, but to the owners of those orchards the picture is different. To them the glut in the markets and the low prices mean losses, huge losses. Most tempting peaches that commanded a ready sale a year ago at \$1 a bushel are selling as low as 40 and 50 cents a bushel. They are decaying on the trees and falling on the ground, which in many orchards are covered with fruit. The price of sugar is so high that the canning of peaches does not offer a profit that will warrant the enterprise. I suppose the distillers have lost the art of making peach brandy. The small stock of peach brandy now on the market is worth almost its weight in silver, if not in gold. The apple orchards in Western Maryland have vied with each other this year in producing a big crop. I am told that great big apples that make the mouth of us city folks water, are being fed to the hogs.

A large fruit grower of the Eastern Shore also reports a surplus crop of apples this year, not only in Maryland, but throughout the country. He advocates the shipping of apples to the city markets and their sale at \$1 a barrel, if better prices cannot be obtained, in order that the taste for the fruit may be more generally cultivated and a greater demand in the future thus made possible.

CHIEF HILYARD'S RECORD

The Transcript is glad to see Chief Hilyard again after a severe illness which had confined him to his bed for a week or more.

The recovery of this efficient police officer and his resumption of his duties is indeed, matter for congratulation upon the part of the citizens generally, for Mr. Hilyard as Superintendent of the force that safeguards the peace and property of our town has proved in every way a great success.

He has kept the best order on Saturday nights the town has ever seen, and that, too, despite the fact that the crowds thronging the streets on these nights have greatly increased in numbers.

Mr. Hilyard has accomplished this admirable result in so quiet and tactful a manner that he has aroused no needless racial bitterness or just resentment upon the part of our colored population, either resident or visiting.

The business men of our town who have a big trade with their colored customers, certainly appreciate the fact that Mr. Hilyard by his fair and courteous treatment of the colored people, has won their good will, and in fact enlisted the co-operation of the respectable element among them in discouraging and repressing the rowdiness of the few, often visitors from out the state, whose conduct to bring discredit upon them all.

Mr. Hilyard has ever been fearless, alert and faithful, emphatically on the job through the nights, all weathers, not loafing in ease in some warm or dry nook. The years he has held this responsible position, performing its duties with judgment and fidelity, has thoroughly demonstrated his fitness for the post he holds, and affords the best guarantee that in the future Middletown's good order will be equally well obtained. After the sorry experiences we have had with drunken officers, Mr. Hilyard's course has been witnessed with equal pleasure by his friends and all the citizens of our town. The Transcript wishes he may long hold the office of Chief of Police of Middletown which he has so ably filled.

OBITUARY

MRS. MARY P. BEASTON

Her many friends and those in this community who were fortunate enough to know the amiable lady, will be sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. Mary R. Beaton, widow of the late John T. Beaton, Esq., of Bohemia Manor, Cecil County, Maryland.

Mrs. Beaton died at her late residence on Cass street in Middletown, Sunday, October 4th, after a long illness aged 72 years.

Two sons and a daughter survive her, Messrs. J. Cayot Beaton and Lindell Beaton, both of Kent County, Maryland, and Miss M. Lorraine Beaton living at the home in Middletown.

The funeral services were held on Wednesday, October 7th, at St. Francis Xavier Church, near Warwick, Md. Rev. C. A. Crowley, assisted by Rev. I. J. Mooney, of Wilmington, officiating, the usual impressive mass for the dead and other ceremonies being held. Interment was thereafter made in the adjoining cemetery.

Apple Crop Large

The apple crop in this section is probably larger this year than in the past five or ten years. Farmers have been planting thousands of young apple trees in recent years and it is expected that within a few more years that the apple shipments will exceed that of the peach shipments of a few years ago. Most of the young trees that are planted are put out by experts in that particular line and the outlook at the present time is very encouraging for good returns on the sale of apples.

Death of Well-known Lawyer

Frederick T. Haines, a leading member of the Cecil bar, died on Monday morning at his home on the Glasgow road, near Elkton, of consumption and other ailments. He was the eldest son of the late L. Marshall Haines and succeeded to his large practice. He was a graduate of Lehigh University and served in the Spanish war. His untimely death is regretted by a wide circle of friends.

Lost Time Card

A "Carpenter Co." time card of "O. Thomas, No. 185" has been found on the street, and left at The Transcript office, where the owner can get it. It is worth 50 cents to the owner who is charged that sum in case of its loss. Inquiries fail to disclose the owner, and a wish to save some poor worker a half dollar prompts The Transcript to print this notice.

Real Estate Sales

E. H. Reck, Real Estate Broker, has sold the farm belonging to Walter Morris, of Dover, known as the "Nicholson Farm," on the Manor, containing 238 acres to William Price of Middle Neck for \$19,000. Also, has sold the 5 acre farm, belonging to Merritt N. Willis, on the road from Middletown to Odessa, to J. F. McWhorter, for \$2,850.

FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Mr. A. Fogel is spending this week in New York.

Mrs. W. E. Lee spent Tuesday in Wilmington.

Miss Prudence Lewis was a Wilmington visitor Saturday.

Miss Blanche Cleaver spent Sunday with her aunts the Misses Cleaver.

Miss Lottie Jolls has been visiting Mrs. Baynard Marvel, near Townsend.

Miss May McFaul visited her parents at Hockessin last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Dockety, of Wilmington, was entertained Monday by Mrs. W. W. Freeman.

Mrs. Christine Krumm, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. George Echenhofer.

Mrs. Boyer and Mr. and Mrs. James L. Warren motored to Millington on Sunday.

Misses Elmira and Pearl Freeman, of Dover, spent Sunday with Miss Mildred Freeman.

Mr. Joseph Douglas, of Philadelphia, spent the past week with his aunt Mrs. B. F. Gallagher.

Mrs. Margaret Smith spent Sunday with her daughter Mrs. Albert L. Massey in Wilmington.

Rev. F. H. Moore and Mr. Alfred Green attended a meeting of Presbytery at New Castle on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elson Lodge and little son, of Lewes, are visiting her grandmother Mrs. William Scott.

Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Matthews, of Magnolia, are visiting her father Rev. J. A. Arters and family.

Mr. S. H. Piper, of Watkins, N. Y., is spending several days with his sister Mrs. L. C. Druley, near town.

Mrs. E. R. Stasch and little son Richard Wagner Slasch, of Ithaca, N. Y., are visiting her aunt Mrs. L. C. Druley.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Roland and two children and Mrs. James Allen, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. David I. Allen.

Miss Eliza Hurn, who underwent an operation at the Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia, some weeks ago, returned home last Friday. Her many friends will be glad to hear that she is much improved.

IMPROVE COX STREET

Mrs. Margaret Cochran has gotten up a petition, signed by herself and all the residents on Crawford street and vicinity, to the number of 45, asking the Town Commissioners to build a narrow cement walk along one side of Cox street from Crawford to Main street.

This small cross street is one of the most traversed highways in the town, being the sole means which a large number of persons living on Crawford and Lake streets have of reaching East Vain street, and the Methodist and Episcopal Churches without making a wide detour of several blocks by way of Broad street.

Until Mrs. Cochran herself had a side path built some years ago this little street was almost impassable in muddy weather; and inasmuch as Mrs. Cochran has been public spirited enough to place fine cement pavements in front of her own residence on Crawford street, and also on the rear of her lot on Anderson street, it is but fair that the town should add its quota to the improvement of this much used thoroughfare, Cox street, by making this sidewalk for these petitioners.

All the more should this be done since the building of a three or four foot cement walk for this short distance would entail but a trifling cost, and would minister in a very substantial way to the comfort of this large number of worthy tax payers, many of whom have also put cement pavements before their own homes, until Crawford street has come to have the finest sidewalks in the town. The Transcript hopes the city fathers will evidence their appreciation of their appreciation of the high public spirit shown by Mrs. Cochran, and the other petitioners, by granting their petition.

Eleventh Birthday Party

Miss June Johnson entertained a number of her friends last Saturday afternoon from three to five o'clock, in honor of her eleventh birthday. The guests were: Grace, Elizabeth and Margaret Brady, Esther and Betty Shalleross, Ramona and Lucile Newmap, Marion Armstrong, and Laura Fogel.

Stock Show Near Middletown

Samuel Chambers of Oxford, Pa., has on view at Armstrong's Corner near Middletown, 150 Holstein, Guernsey and Ayrshire two-year-old heifers shipped from Lancaster, Pa., to Newark, and driven there by road. About 250 head of similar stock was sold last year to dairy farmers in the Middletown section who fed them through the winter and sold them in the spring.

TOWNSEND

Sherbourne Collins and wife spent Sunday with relatives in Smyrna.

Mrs. John Townsend has returned home from a visit with her brother in Chestnut Hill.

Mrs. Emma Hues, of Baltimore, Md., is the guest of Richard Hodgson and family.

William Riggs and wife, of Wilmington, are visitors of John Townsend.

Mr. and Mrs. Baynard Marvel of near town, entertained the Queen Ester, Circle of Middletown Monday night.

Rally Day will be observed in M. E. Sunday School next Sunday Oct. 11th, at 2.15 P. M.

Rev. Burr is holding his revival meetings at Blackbird.

Mrs. Garrett Othson, of St. Georges, Mrs. Joseph Ward, Mrs. James Ward, of Philadelphia, visited Mrs. John Townsend Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Crosby, of Wilmington, visited their daughter, Gilbert Hayden and family Sunday.

Oscar Lockerman, of Wilmington, and sister Mrs. Alma Gohl and daughter Pauline, of Atlantic City, are visiting her parents B. G. Lockerman and family.

Mrs. Blanche Hutchison entertained the Ladies Aid Society Tuesday evening.

Edward Reynolds and wife spent Sunday near town guests of Eugene Savin and family.

Miss Lillian Wright, of Brenford, has returned home after spending the week end at Mrs. W. H. Reynolds.

Mrs. John Parvis is visiting her mother Mrs. Hayman.

Miss Mildred Wells, of Clayton, spent from Friday to Monday with Anna G. VanDyke.

Mrs. Daniel Cochran is entertaining Miss Mildred Wells, of Clayton, this week.

QUEEN ESTHER ENTERTAINED

The strawride given by the Queen Esthers on Monday evening, to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Baynard Marvel was a very enjoyable event. Quite a number were disguised as ghosts and about fifty young folks participated. The house and lawn were artistically decorated with Japanese lanterns, and during the evening, sandwiches, coffee, cake and fruit were served.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Brockson, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Pearce, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Baynard Marvel, Mrs. Royden Wilson, Misses Anna Denny, Lottie Jolls, Lillian Melvin, Mary Richards, Ada Scott, Emily Ailee, Edith Spry, Marion Vinyard, Edna Brynes, Martha Pearce, Mary Culver, Lelia Pearce, Irene Reed, Bertha Reed, Orah Spry, Hannah Kirk, Mildred Freeman, Edith Eliason, Lena Weber, Viola Weber, Marion Daniels, Miss Josephs, and Messrs. Elwood Banning, Harry Culver, Louis Dreka, Robert Douglas, John Dickinson, Lemont Jones, Herbert Pyle, William Bryson, Albert Kummel, Albert Jolls, Delbert Gallagher, Clarence Weber, Osborne Banning, Philip, Harry and Lee Vinyard, Comegys Cosden, Mr. Franklin and others.

St. Annes' Church Notes

Eighteenth Sunday after Trinity. Morning Prayer, Altar service and Sermon at 10.30 A. M.

Sunday School session at 11.45 A. M. Evening Prayer & Address at 7.30 P. M.

Mr. M. Thomas V. Wingate will be in charge of the evening service.

Service on Wednesday evening at 7.30 P. M.

The Fall Missionary meeting of the Diocesan Branch of the Women's Auxiliary will be held on Thursday, Oct. 8, at St. Andrews' Church, Wilmington, Del.

Choir rehearsal every Wednesday evening in the Church at eight o'clock.

The Junior Auxiliary will resume its meetings on Friday afternoon, Oct. 16th, in the Parish House at four o'clock. A large attendance is requested.

Bethesda Church Notes

October 11th. 9.30 A. M. Brotherhood Devotional meeting. 10.30 A. M. Public worship with sermon. Subject, "A confident hope." See Phil. 1:6.

2 P. M. Sunday School. Now is the time for teachers and scholars to renew their devotion to this important work.

7.30 P. M. Public worship with sermon. Subject, "The great benefits which a community derives from the church and why all of the people should attend." See Psa. 84:1-2.

Mr. League every Saturday at 3 P. M. Will the parents co-operate with the Pastor?

Forest Church Notes

October 11th. 10.30. Public Worship. Subject, "The Training of Children."

11.45. Sunday School.

2.30. Armstrong Chapel Sunday School.

6.45. Christian Endeavor.

7.30. The Evening Services.

THE TRANSCRIPT \$1.00 per Year.

SOME FINE PICTURES

H. S. Newman Has Arranged A Splendid Program

"WAR STRICKEN LOUVAIN" Real authentic war scenes taken in and near Louvain in Belgium, showing the Belgian forces and the beginning of the destruction of the fine old city, at the Middletown Opera House, Friday evening, Oct. 16th, 1914. The best war film that has yet reached the United States. One full reel.

The Electric Company is showing a single reel of pictures taken by Captain Cherry Kearton, heretofore known to fame as a hunter of wild and domestic animals and birds with a motion picture camera. Captain Kearton is a friend of ex-President Roosevelt, who appeared on the platform of the Lyceum Theater a year ago last spring when the captain's African pictures were shown and praised the work of the explorer. Mr. Roosevelt said that he had met the captain in the wilds of Africa and knew him to be a man of his word. It may be of interest to point out that Captain Kearton uses a small camera—it weighs but fourteen pounds—with a gyroscopic attachment and propelled either by an ordinary crank, or, if desired, by compressed air.

"War Stricken Louvain" is composed of a series of scenes showing soldiers on conditions in the stricken Belgian city during hostilities and before its destruction by the Germans. Some of the pictures are said to have been taken by Captain Kearton with his camera concealed under his raincoat, which conceivably well may have seen the case. One of the most tragic of these, one of the most dramatic in its revelation of the manner in which the innocent non-combatants suffer is the view of the peasants fleeing from the zone of battle. It is life as read of it in the dispatches. The victims travel along the road on foot and in all sorts of farm vehicles. They are unconscious of the camera; they have left behind practically all of their earthly possessions, and they plod dully over the highway seeking only to save their lives.

There are about twenty-five scenes in one there can be plainly noted in the distance smoke arising from burning buildings. In the opening picture there is a view of Belgian troops at Tirmont, a suburb of Louvain, where their determined resistance retarded the advance of the Germans. Other scenes indicate the many grades of society making up the Red Cross division, soldiers awaiting instructions as the tide of battle flows, serving mess on the march, Belgians fortified behind brushwood awaiting attack, advance of cavalry, typical street scene during hostilities, artillery bivouacked for the night, cavalry going into action, dog-drawn rapid-fire guns which have played so important a part, a large number of carrier pigeons for message carrying, the canine hero which carried the now famous order to retreat—and he enjoys petting just as do his fighting masters—a massed regiment of laughing and cheering Belgians, str-r work for the moment forgotten, and of terror-stricken groups at the railroad station hoping for transportation.

DANCE IN CLUB ROOM

The young men of Middletown gave a delightful dance in the New Century Club room last Friday evening.

The committee for arrangements were James Carpenter, Jr., G. Lester Cleaver and W. Harry Segelken.

The music was furnished by Miss Hannah Kirk. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Segelken, Mr. and Mrs. James Moore, Mrs. John B. Cleaver, Mrs. Henry Howell and Mrs. Charles Price; Misses Emma and Edna Carpenter, Ethel Daniels, Mildred Redgrave, Francis and Estella Easton, Emma and Madeline Pennington, Hattie and Madeline Manlove, Marion and Helen Reynolds, Naomi Shockley and Helen Manlove, of this town; Mabella and Martha Short, of Elkton; Marie Parrish and Miss Ward, of Wilmington; Miss Powell and Miss Lulu Hurbender, of Newark; Messrs. James Carpenter, Jr., Harry Segelken, Lester and Isaac Cleaver, Archie and Davis Manlove, Wallace Daniels, Carson Segelken, Hugh Brown, Lee Vinyard, Reynolds Hodgson, Roland Reynolds, Clayton Johnson, Reese and Elwood Clark, Wilson Lattomus, Wilson Price, Ivory Donovan, Albert and Pierce Donovan, Westley DeValinger and Elmer Kirk; and Henry Ennis and David Bell of Smyrna.

Mr. Hofferker Stricken

The Transcript regrets to hear that our well known townsman Mr. James R. Hofferker, is so severely ill that he is confined to his bed. On Saturday last he suffered a stroke of paralysis on the left side, which following one or more previous attacks of the same nature, makes his condition a grave one, and occasions his family and friends great concern.

Mr. Hofferker is one of the oldest citizens in town and till within a few years has been very strong and active. The Transcript trusts Mr. Hofferker may be spared with a good measure of health for years yet to his family and friends.

LOCAL NEWS

The best steak, roasts, lamb and veal at W. C. JONES'.

Next Monday being Columbus Day both Banks will be closed.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale.

J. C. GREEN.

FRESH and SALT FISH at my store at all times.

W. C. JONES.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale.

J. C. GREEN.

WANTED—BALED HAY AND STRAW.

S. B. FOARD.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist. Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

The ladies of St. Joseph's Catholic Church are contemplating holding a fair sometime during November.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash prices paid for horse and cow hides.

W. C. JONES.

After September 1st, I do dressing-making at my residence on East Main street.

JOSEPHINE DICKSON.

FOR SALE.—Chrysanthemums, long stems, all colors.

A. K. HOPKINS.

FOR SALE.—John Deer gang plow in good condition, has been used very little, price right. Apply to

THIS OFFICE.

The Survivors of the First Regiment Delaware Volunteer Infantry, will hold their 53d Anniversary in Smyrna, Del., Saturday, October 24th, 1914.

FARMERS:—We carry in stock nothing but GEORGES CREEK BITUMINOUS COAL for THRESHING purposes.

JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

We have stored 5-8 TRUCK and PEACH BASKETS for SALE in any QUANTITY. Phones 5, 41 and 48.

JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

HIGH GRADE LEHIGH COAL always in stock and under cover, guaranteed free from dirt.

Phones 5 and 48.

JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

Now is the time to have that summer suit cleaned and pressed. The highest class work only; also Panama and Felt hats cleaned.

ROBERT B. JONES.

The farmers of New Castle County have taken advantage of this beautiful weather to get up their fall work. The corn is nearly all down and most of the fields are ready for wheat sowing. In fact several persons have already made a start.

After October first, the Public Library will be open on Tuesday afternoon from 3.30 to 5.00; on Friday evening from 7 to 8.30, and on Saturday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. The Library will be open on Tuesday evenings for school children exclusively.

Unclaimed Letters.—The following list of Letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office, for week ending Oct. 1st: Mrs. Addie Segars, Mrs. Irene E. Lloyd, Miss Ida Dickerson, Miss Agnes Sloan, John Draper, John H. Lap, John H. Jackson, Thomas H. Davis.

Mohawk Tribe No. 55, of Townsend, elected the following Chiefs for the ensuing six months: Prophet, David P. Hutchison; Sachem, M. B. Donovan; Senior Sagamore, Frank L. Smith; Junior Sagamore, Frank Klotzbecher. Other Chiefs were elected to continue in office for the next six months.

Prospects for a large chestnut and chinquapin crop in New Castle County was never better than at present. The chestnut trees are loaded with burrs, but it will take heavy frosts to ripen them. Old weathermen say the presence of large numbers of burrs is a sure sign of a hard winter. The walnut trees are also loaded with nuts.

The World Series started October 9, earlier than usual; the National Commission, wants the series over as soon as possible. Another difference from other series will be the fact that the two games will be played in each city before a trip is taken. This will mean less expense for the teams traveling back and forth between Boston and Philadelphia. This change will also give the people in New Castle county, who will probably want to see the new Boston champs tackle the Athletics, a chance to go to Philadelphia and see two games without having to wait so long between games. We do not want to be quoted as saying that the Braves will win the series but we do believe that the Athletics will have a tough proposition on their hands this year.

Train Kills Four

Four persons were instantly killed at Singery Station above Elkton, Saturday night, when a Baltimore and Ohio train struck an automobile driven by Haines Harlan, of Providence, Md. The dead are Mrs. Tillie Harlan, her two children, and Lizzie Stewart, a servant of the Harlan family, 19 years old. Haines Harlan, the husband and father, was taken to the hospital in Elkton by Dr. Canoe, of Cherry Hill, and his condition is critical. The car, driven by Harlan, ran on the track in front of train No. 9, which struck the auto, throwing it in front of eastbound extra freight 4066. The car was demolished, and Mrs. Harlan, her children and the servant killed instantly. Harlan was a wealthy farmer and businessman of Providence.

PROGRESSIVE TICKET

Selected Some Candidates From Both Parties

ABOUT 30 DELEGATES PRESENT

DOVER, Del., Oct. 7.—With the exception of filling the offices of assessors and inspectors on the official ballot, the Kent County Progressives, in session here yesterday afternoon, nominated a full County and Legislative ticket, to be voted for at the coming general election in Kent county.

The convention numbered about 30 representatives from nearly all of the ten districts being present. J. Hall Anderson was selected as chairman of the Convention and Dr. Merritt Burke, of Harrington, was secretary. After some preliminaries and caucusing, the following ticket was presented and ratified by the convention: Sheriff, John T. Lindale, West Dover.

Coroner, A. B. Peet, Milford. Clerk of the Peace, Jefferson Cooper, Cheswold.

County treasurer, Charles E. Wetzel, Wyoming.

Recorder of Deeds, Ignatius T. Cooper, Camden.

Clerk of the Orphans' Court L. C. L. Smith, Dover.

In the selection of State Senators and Representatives, it was agreed that where the candidates of either of the old parties could be found who would support certain pledges of the Progressive platform, the main one of which was the prohibition plank, that such candidates would be accepted and placed on their ticket. With this agreement, the selection and endorsement of the candidates took place, as follows:

State Senators, First District, Alfred L. Hudson, Smyrna, (Republican); third, Alexander M. Thomas, Canterbury, (Democrat); fifth district, Joseph Frazier, Frederica, (Republican).

Representatives—First district, William Faries; second George L. Carey, Little Creek, (Republican); third, Carroll B. Massey, Cheswold; fourth district, Albert B. Harrison, West Dover; fifth, Eugene Raughley, Dover; sixth, George McGinness, (Republican); seventh, Samuel H. Derby; eighth, James H. Jones; ninth, Gove S. Milbourne, Harrington

GERMANS CHECK OUTFLANKING CZAR'S TROOPS ADVANCE AGAIN KAISER CHANGES HIS GENERALS

FRENCH AND BRITISH VAINLY EXTEND LEFT TO CUT ENEMY'S LINE

Unofficial Reports of Battle at Douai Show That
Invaders Have Been Forced to
Stretch Front Further

FIGHTING FIERCEST ON THE WEST WINGS

Paris.—Attempts by the Allies in France to turn the extreme German right and thus open a path to the rear of the seemingly impregnable line of Teutonic fortifications along the Aisne, suffered a severe check when Gen. von Kluck turned fiercely upon his attackers near Arras and drove them back with great slaughter.

Then the German right took the offensive along the whole line in the Somme section and down to Noyon on the Oise, driving the Anglo-French forces from their trenches at several points and piercing their lines.

According to reports from both the French and German War Offices, the result of the battle in the Roye district north of Noyon was in doubt, with the chances slightly in favor of the Germans who were being reinforced by every man that could be spared from other points along the battle line that stretches from the Oise, 200 miles, to the upper Meuse.

The Allies, too, were hurrying up fresh troops and the struggle was being waged with as much desperation as if the final decision of the Battle of the Aisne hung upon the result.

On the French right the Germans claimed gains near the Argonne forest, while the Paris report, issued late at night, declared all attacks on the French forts along the Meuse had been repulsed.

The Germans have undoubtedly gained ground in the region of Roye at the hinge of the allied line. The official report admits that ground has been "ceded" at certain points.

The Allies' line has bent under tremendous pressure, but remains unbroken. North of the Oise, where the battle front forms a right angle, the fighting was violent but indecisive.

Meanwhile the Germans have apparently failed to check the flanking movement whose point, according to unofficial information, is within sixteen miles of the Belgian frontier.

Gen. Joffre's purpose, now revealed, points to a drive at Mons and Brussels while holding fast in the main battle line. This contemplates the relief of Antwerp as well as a weakening of the German centre necessitated by army corps sent from the centre to support Von Kluck.

Along the fortified hills of Champagne the deadlock continues, but in the Argonne and along the Meuse the Germans, summoning fresh resources, continue their efforts to break the allied right wing and so open and urgently needed east and west line of communication from Metz. Gen. Joffre assures the Government that these attacks have been beaten back.

The establishment of a line of communication on the railway line running from Metz through Nancy or Verdun and then almost due west to Paris would relieve the Germans of the necessity of protecting their present circuitous line by way of Belgium to Cologne and Aix-la-Chapelle.

**CZAR REACHES HIS TROOPS;
3,000,000 TO GIVE BATTLE**

With German Emperor Reported in East Prussia and Russian Monarch in Field, Impending Conflict May Be the Biggest of the War.

Rome, via Paris.—The Russian Embassy here made public an official communication received from the Russian headquarters staff saying:

"The defeat of the Germans is complete. Their retreat is changing into a rout that is so disorderly and precipitous that they are forced to abandon everything."

"Two Russian armies are proceeding, one from the west and another from the south, toward Allenstein (in East Prussia, fifty miles southeast of Elbing.)"

"The German losses have not yet been officially ascertained, but it is estimated that they had 70,000 men disabled."

The reported presence of Emperor William in East Prussia and the departure of Czar Nicholas for the front is taken here to emphasize the tremendous importance of the impending battle, which may be the biggest conflict of the war, up to the present time, in either the Western or the Eastern arenas. Three million men, it is estimated in Petrograd, will be engaged.

MOUNTAINS BAR RUSSIANS.

Hungarians Rely on Carpathians to Hold Back Czar's Army.

Venice.—Austrian military experts say that Russian attempts to invade Hungary through the Carpathian Mountains are not likely to meet with much success.

There are only four or five mountain passes which would admit of the passage of troops, and only a small number could proceed through these at one time. The march would require six days.

Germany's Haste Seen in Hot Fire at Antwerp

Krupp Workers Aid in Directing Big Guns, and Infantry Are Hurled Recklessly Forward to Capture the Defenses.

In Belgium.—The Germans are making a desperate attempt to capture Antwerp, and they are in a great hurry to do it. They are pounding away with Austrian mortars at forts Waelhem and Wavre-St. Catherine, and at time flinging their infantry forward in frantic efforts to break through. So far they have suffered terrific losses.

An attempt by Landsturm battalions and marines to occupy forts Waelhem and Wavre-St. Catherine was an extraordinary error of judgment on the part of the German commander. Believing the forts had been silenced by the explosions of the 42 centimetre shells, he sent forward an assaulting force estimated at from twelve to fifteen thousand men, supported by field artillery, to take them by the bayonet.

Both forts had slackened their fire gradually. Finally it ceased altogether, and the German General apparently concluded they were hors de combat. The attacking force went forward without hindrance, covered by the guns. It was allowed to approach within three hundred yards of the forts before any sign of life was apparent. Suddenly Waelhem and Wavre-St. Catherine the dead and wounded were piled seven feet high. The wounded men who lay underneath were suffocated, their bodies being found afterward in contorted and agonized positions.

The attacking force attempted to rally and continue its hopeless task, but only for a few moments. The old men who compose the Landsturm battalions could not stand that withering fire, and the marines who ventured with them across that plain of death were wholly unused to such warfare. They broke and fled back toward their own lines, leaving a trail of bodies all the way to the outskirts of Mechlin. Hundreds of villagers were pressed into service by the Germans to bury their dead, and many were burned in great piles that were saturated with petrol.

Already the bombardment of the forts has laid waste the populous district stretching from Lierre on the east to Willebroeck on the west and from Mechlin to Antwerp.

The German guns are not being worked by regular soldiers, but by men in civilian clothes with military armlets, undoubtedly employees of the Krupps, many of whom are known to have arrived at Brussels.

So far the only damage done has been inflicted, not on the Antwerp forts, but on the villages situated near them.

Foes of Russia Are Massed to Hold Cracow

Petrograd.—Russian successes in Galicia and northwest Poland have forced the Germans to abandon all minor operations and to concentrate all possible strength in a line from Posen to Cracow for immediate defence of Silesia.

A Russian cavalry victory at Andriejev, forty miles north of Cracow, may have been the first episode of a gigantic conflict. The German right flank is supported by Cracow, their left by Posen, while fifty miles back of their centre is the strong fortress of Breslau.

Gen. Von Hindenburg has been recalled from East Prussia to dominate the defence on the Posen-Cracow line. Among the re-enforcements hurried to this line are four Bavarian and Saxon army corps. Already first line German troops from France, with reservists from all parts of Germany, had been dispatched to Silesia. It is assumed that Gen. Danik's beaten Austrian force, now probably 150,000, is concentrating with the Germans.

ALLIED FLEET WRECKED FORT.

Silence Cattaro's Strongest Defense, and Serbs Surround Sarajevo.

Chiasso.—The Anglo-French fleet has resumed the bombardment of Cattaro and has destroyed Lustica, one of the strongest forts. The wireless station has also been destroyed. The Serbs completely surround Sarajevo, capital of Bosnia. After a fierce fight on the north and east the Serbs succeeded in capturing the railway, thus isolating the city from the rest of Austria.

Kaiser Retires Moltke As Chief of Staff

Appoints Gen. Voigts-Rhetz to Succeed Him as Head of Army's General Staff.

Amsterdam.—The German Emperor has dismissed the Chief of the General Staff, Field Marshal von Moltke, nephew of the famous von Moltke, and has appointed Major Gen. von Voigts-Rhetz to that post.

The new Chief of the General Staff is almost unknown in Germany, so that his appointment does nothing to create a feeling of confidence among the people, who are becoming more and more uneasy owing to the absence of definite good news and continuous whispers of bad news which are wafted from France and Russia.

PARIS ADMITS A CHECK.

Paris.—The right wing of the German army was victorious at certain points in a series of indecisive battles of great violence north of the River Oise. The fighting continues along the entire northern section of the battle line, with the French struggling with splendid courage to regain ground lost to the enemy.

The points of conflict where the French were defeated are not named by the War Office.

Heavy reinforcements are being sent to the French and British who are operating near Douai to gain control of the railroads into Belgium which are vitally necessary to General Alexander von Kluck, commander of the German right wing, if he is to continue to hold his present positions.

For the past week the Germans have been vainly hurling themselves against different points in the Allied line in an effort to discover a weak mesh in the chain. In a view of Gen. Joffre, the process of attrition has gone far enough to justify the resumption of the offensive by the Allies.

CZAR OF RUSSIA ON FIGHTING LINE.

Petrograd.—Emperor Nicholas has arrived at army headquarters at the front, according to a dispatch received here.

General Soukhomlinoff, Minister of War, the court minister and the palace commandant accompanied the Emperor.

Empress Alexandra and his daughters bade the monarch farewell at the railway station, where there were scenes of great enthusiasm, the crowds shouting "On to Berlin!" and "On to Vienna!"

Before his departure Emperor Nicholas signed a ukase calling out the reserves and ordering the mobilization of the mounted troops in the eastern provinces, and also the territorial.

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS

Berlin announced that the battle in France was "proceeding successfully." It asserted that Portugal was about to enter the war at the demand of England.

The Kaiser has dismissed Lieut.-Gen. von Moltke as Chief of Staff and appointed in his place Gen. Voigts-Rhetz.

Russian forces engaged the right wing of a German line drawn up in strength from Thorn to a position near Lodz. This, it is thought, marks the beginning of a gigantic struggle on the Polish and Silesian frontier.

President Poincare of France, with Premier Viviani and Minister of War, Millerand, left Bordeaux for the front to view and congratulate the troops.

The French War Office reported that the battle in France has produced no decisive results, but that German trenches at Soissons have been captured.

Defeated at Augustowo, Poland, the Germans are in full retreat toward the East Prussian frontier, abandoning wounded, guns and supplies, Petrograd announced.

The French War Office announces that the extreme end of the left flank of the Allied Army has reached Arras, the most northerly point yet attained in the flanking movement, but an attempt to push on from there was checked by the Germans. German Army Headquarters reports that its heavy artillery is hammering the positions of the Allies at many points, and that all attempts of the Allies to break through the German lines have been repulsed.

In contrast to this, Russian reports say that the Germans have suffered a terrible defeat in the Provinces of Lodz and Suwalki, losing 30,000 men in killed and wounded and 20,000 prisoners.

PROVES HE IS NO SKULKER.

French Lieutenant Acquitted by Court-Martial of Desertion.

Paris.—Lieutenant Adre Mesureur, son of the director of the Paris Hospital Board, has been acquitted by a court-martial of the charge of desertion preferred against him. One of the principal witnesses for Mesureur was Major Aubert, who was taken to the Court room from the hospital of Val-de-Grace, where he lay with four bullets in his body and a broken jaw.

RIDE TO DEATH TO AVOID SURRENDER

With Retreat Cut Off, Russian Battery Deliberately Drowns in Mazuren Lakes.

PETROGRAD.—This incident of the fighting about the Mazuren lakes is told here. A Russian battery commanded by Lieut. Smirnov was flanked on the right by German infantry and on the left by machine guns. Behind it was a lake which cut off the retreat of the Russians. Lieut. Smirnov decided that he would not surrender and galloped at full speed with his battery into the lake. Every man and beast was drowned. When Lieut. Smirnov's father learned of the incident he expressed his joy at his son's choice of death before surrender.

British Aid Belgian Army at Antwerp

Hurl Back Germans in New Attempt to Cross the River Nethe—Report From Berlin Insist Three Forts at Antwerp Have Been Taken.

London.—Antwerp can hold out indefinitely, according to an official statement by the Belgian General Staff. The statement denied the German reports that the fire of several of the forts had been silenced. "Every single fort in the defenses of Antwerp is in action. At no point have the Germans made gain," is the answer of the staff to these assertions.

Nevertheless, the German War Office discussing the Antwerp situation, says that forts Lierre, Waelhem, Koningshoeyck and the intermediate redoubts, with thirty guns, have all been taken. This makes a breach in the outer ring of fortifications and makes possible an attack on the inner ring of forts and the city itself, the War Office says.

The Dutch Government is strengthening its forces along the frontier districts so that they can disarm and intern the Belgian troops who are expected to flee from the vicinity of Antwerp, according to the German statement.

The Belgians declare that, aided by strong bodies of British troops, they have given each of the forts on the outer line of defenses its quota of new defenders. The situation at the forts and in the city remains practically unchanged. The Germans are still keeping up their bombardment and the Belgian guns are replying.

The Daily Mail receives from its correspondent confirmation of reports that a British force has reached the city and is actively co-operating in its defence. The correspondent of the Morning Post in Antwerp sends the following:

"The Belgian field artillery is co-operating effectually with our heavy artillery. Our infantry is entrenched on the near bank of the Nethe, opposite the main German forces. Two German attempts to cross the river have been smothered by our artillery."

The Germans have lost heavily in their preliminary operations. The Antwerp correspondent of the Daily Telegraph estimates their losses in killed as not less than 8,000, while they have paid a staggering toll in wounded.

**FRENCH LOSSES, 300,000;
GERMAN GREATER.**

A letter received by a New York physician from a reputable source in France contains the startling information that the French losses (killed, wounded and prisoners) for the six weeks fighting up to and including the battle of the Marne were slightly more than 300,000, perhaps 310,000, exclusive of the British losses, which, the writer says, "have been fairly large in comparison to the small number of their engaged army."

If credence may be placed in the French statements that in most cases the German losses were larger than those sustained by the French—and the German army was on the offensive in all the fighting up to the time for which the figures are given—it would seem to be a fair estimate that German losses in killed, wounded and prisoners for the same six weeks were close to 500,000 men in the western theatre of war alone, not taking into account their losses in the fighting against the Russians.

REFUGEES ASK SPECIAL SHIP.

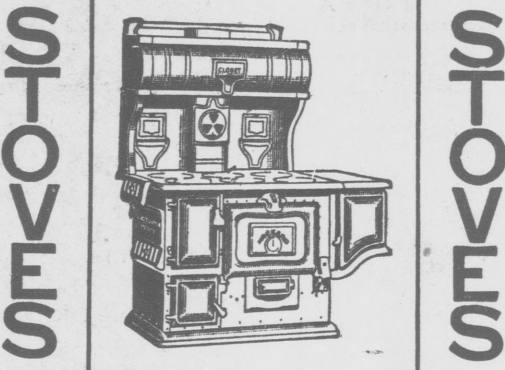
Vessel Flying Stars and Stripes Demanded by Timid Ones.

Geneva.—Pleasant A. Stovall, American Minister to Switzerland, turned over to the Swiss Red Cross Society at Berne, the first donation of \$1,000 sent by Americans.

Scores of Americans with families are still in Switzerland. Fearing the risks to be encountered in crossing the Atlantic, many of these have combined to demand a boat flying the Stars and Stripes to take them home.

J. F. McWhorter & Son

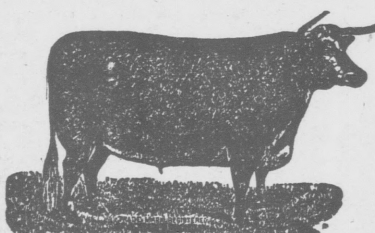
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Animal Ammoniated
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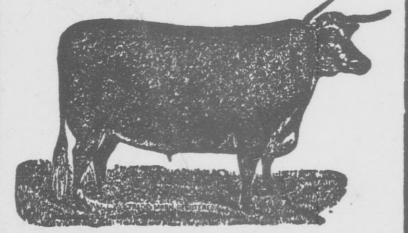
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The
Middletown
Transcript

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New Castle County,
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A small ad.
will convince you of
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Lard Presses
Lard Cans
Lap Robes
Carriage Blankets
Horse Blankets
**HARNESS
STOVES**
Paints and
Varnishes

Redgrave Bros.
Middletown, Del.

SYNOPSIS.

Everything in this store catered to the better tastes of the better class of people. Even the girls behind the counters were different. They were polite and suave, softer voiced and gentler mannered. None of them chewed gum and none of them called "cash" in shrill, repellent tones. Nor did any of them carry on a conversation with a companion 50 feet away to inform her friend that she had had a "perfectly swell time last night" and contemplated spending the ensuing evening with "Jimmie" tasting joys unconfined at the skating rink.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

Here was a house in order and Jane reveled in it. No more Sixth avenue for her; she would leave that to Mrs. Collins. For herself she was through with the hol polloi. She was not one of them and never had been except from necessity. She thought of her



Mrs. Collins.

home in one of the larger cities upstate and of her life there when Bob had courted her five years ago. Her father was not rich, as wealth is regarded today, but he was a well-to-do and much respected attorney and an intellectual one. If the occasion had required it he would have taken lodging at a first-class hotel and done

Jane had had a year at one of the leading colleges for girls and then a turn in the tide of her father's business affairs had cut short this luxury. But she knew her art and her music and she had looked forward with a thrill and with wholesome anticipation to the next year in the conservatory.

to her advent in the great metropolis. She had an inkling of Bob's business then and business of any kind seemed better for a man to her than a profession. Her father's case convinced her

tion. Her father's case convinced her of this. She was sure that no man was more capable, more suited to enjoy the best things of life or more eager to supply them for his family, but his calling did not seem to provide the means.

Joe has known Bob's history at Jane. He was a leader, as Brand had said, and she was confident that he would force his way to the front in the business world. Not that she was marrying him from any selfish viewpoint. She loved him, but she was also proud of him, and the last year or two of their married life had seen a great deal of dissimulation mingled with his pride. She was still a girl, and had been until the coming of Brand. In five years Brand had become a millionaire, though it was true that he had started from a higher plane than Bob and with much greater opportunities. But he had made the most of

these chances and she found herself wondering now whether Bob had done the same.

All women like the fineries and the luxuries of life, but some crave them more than others. Jane was one of these. She was essentially what Brand read her to be. She had the finesse, the culture of the so-called upper classes and the inherent longing to be a living part of their order. Still she had a woman's instinct for a home and for this reason she had not opposed her husband's tumble venture on Staten Island. She had wished it might be more elaborate, but since it was all they could afford, it was better than

CHAPTER IX.

er love the five years of their wedded life had brought few thrills to Bob. Perhaps some of the glamor had begun to fade for him, too: the long

among the branches of the fruit trees
in his orchard.

Violent Fighting Continues on Western Wing.

Ottawa.—Canada will raise immediately and send to the frontier a second expeditionary force of 20,000 men, with a first reinforcement of 10 per cent., making 22,000 in all. This decision was reached at Tuesday's Cabinet council. The second contingent

**We have satisfied others. We
can satisfy you.**

**Consult us before going else-
where.**

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THE GREAT HOME PAPER OF THE SOUTH

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 THE SUNDAY SUN, by Mail, is { 3c. a Copy or \$1.50 a Year
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An Announcement

Wilmington, Del., June 24th, 1913

I beg to announce that I have opened an office at

807 Shipley St., to conduct a General Real Estate, Mortgage and Fire Insurance Business. Formerly with W. E. Powell, 839 Market.

William E. Lee

HAVE YOU A KODAK?
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 Developing FREE. Write for Price List.
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Mrs. Collins.



QUEER THINGS ABOUT DEBT

Only Thing That Goes Contrary to Nature's Laws—Every Debtor

draw down the blinds, he always breaks loose and interrupts you just when you are beginning to enjoy yourself. If you fail to pay his board and lodging, he grows larger and eats

Debt is the one thing which goes contrary to the laws of nature, because you can contract and expand it at the same time. Nothing exceeds the power of the debtor.

Everyone is always in debt to someone else. Every debtor is a creditor, every creditor is a debtor. There becometh of every man a debtor and creditor.

War Maneuver of 1812.

One hundred years ago a British force landed on the Massachusetts coast and attacked the little village of Wardsboro. Earlier in the year the British squadron, which for many months had maintained a strict block-

When you borrow money from a man who is willing to lend it to you, you are his creditor to the extent that you have favored him with an opportunity.

Everybody starts by owing the government his part of the interest on the national debt. As this is increasing all the time, the fatal habit some people have of putting off the day of their birth counts against them.

It is declared to be immoral for

poor people to borrow money. Rich people, who have inherited money, which really doesn't belong to them, can, however, borrow all the money they can get, a practise considered highly proper.

Debt is a poor sleeping companion.

Stuffed Cats Scare Birds.
A novel method of scaring away birds has been adopted by a Kentish (England) farmer. He has killed a number of cats, had them stuffed and placed them in various attitudes

He won't stay hitched. If you put him in a room by himself and among the branches of the fruit trees in his orchard.

CURRENT PRICES

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET	
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. B. FOARD.	
Wheat—No. 2 \$1.00	Corn—
Timothy Seed	Yellow, shelled 85
Clover Seed	do. cob. 85
MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET	
COLLECTED WEEKLY BY W. T. CONNELLER	
Eggs, per doz.	25¢-30
Country Butter, per lb.	32¢-38
Creamery Butter, per lb.	43
Lard, per lb.	12¢-16
Live Chickens, per lb.	12¢-16
Potatoes.	30¢-45

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., OCT. 10, 1914

DUTY OF A GOOD NEIGHBOR

Every family which has a member ill with typhoid fever, scarlet fever, or other contagious disease, is entitled to the sympathy and intelligent help of the community. At the same time, the stricken family should realize fully that simple good citizenship calls upon its members to do anything in their power to prevent the spread of the contagion to neighbors. In the country especially, where there are seldom health officers to impose rigid quarantines, the duty of keeping the sick separated from the well falls with peculiar weight on the afflicted family. Ordinary neighborliness demands that such a family keep its members away from others and prevent outsiders from coming in contact with the infection.

On a farm producing and selling milk, a contagious disease such as typhoid or scarlet fever demands special precautions. A very few germs of these diseases allowed to get into the milk may multiply rapidly and be a source of disease in many families on the milk route served by the farmer.

In the case of typhoid, the disease may come from germs in the well water, and this water if used unboiled for cleansing milk bottles or cans may very well start a typhoid epidemic in a neighboring town. Inspectors have frequently traced outbreaks of scarlet fever and typhoid along a milk route and back to the sick person on the producer's farm.

It is the duty of every milk farmer to see that no one who is suffering from fever of any kind ever enters the dairy. Moreover, no one engaged in nursing the sick should ever be allowed to go near milk. Those who handle the milk on such farms, even though they never have been near the person who is sick, should take special precautions. Before entering the milk room they should put on a clean cap and a clean duster, which are never allowed to go into the house. In cases of typhoid or suspected typhoid all water used in cleansing milk vessels should first be boiled. Finally, even with all these precautions, wherever typhoid or scarlet fever is even suspected in a family, the milk should be thoroughly pasteurized before being sold.

The milk producer who takes these precautions establishes his good citizenship. The one who handles milk carelessly with sickness in his family is, though he may not realize it, a possible enemy to his customers.

Such precautions are doubly necessary where the owner of the farm is the sufferer, because the milk is apt to be handled carelessly for lack of his supervision. Inspectors recently following up a case of bad milk found the owner of the farm sick with a bad case of typhoid fever. He gave his illness as a reason for his not being prosecuted, because the low quality of the milk was due directly to its handling by inexperienced persons. Investigation proved that the farmer's illness was one of a succession of cases of typhoid that had occurred on this farm. The probability therefore, was that the milk being sent out before the farmer was sick was dangerously contaminated, while, of course, the risk after illness had withdrawn his attention was vastly increased.

In many cases where an outbreak of typhoid has been traced back to a dairy the owner was not deliberately careless. Typhoid fever is not always readily recognized as such, and not uncommonly passes simply as a fever or bowel complaint. For this reason every case of fever on a dairy farm should be regarded with suspicion and lead to very careful handling of the milk.

Members of households in which there are contagious or suspicious illnesses also have an important part to play in keeping the milk supply clean. They should never return empty milk bottles without first boiling them, and any family which takes a public milk bottle into a room where there is a contagious disease is really a party to a serious offense against public health. A milk dealer who learns of a case of sickness in a family should keep the bottles from that house separated from the others and make certain that they are very carefully sterilized before they are again used for milk.

Even where there is no sickness on a farm, the dairy farmer should use every effort to produce a high grade, clean milk from healthy cows. Sterilization of bottles and other milk vessels is essential.

Talks Optimistically

John Wanamaker, one of the world's greatest merchants, made an address in Philadelphia on Monday to the business men of that city. He said that the improvement of business conditions lies in their willingness to co-operate and spread optimism throughout the business world.

In his address the great merchant struck the keynote of the present situation when he said, "Life is too short that we should live our lives with the sole aim of obtaining personal gain. We must offer our help to the man who finds the going harder than we do. We must put our arms around the one who is alone in the world and give him aid to succeed."

DELAWARE COLLEGE

The following is the program at Delaware College held Saturday, October 10th:

Installation of the President of Delaware College, eleven o'clock in the morning.

Chancellor, Charles M. Curtis presiding.

Music, College Orchestra.

Invocation, Right Rev. F. J. Kinsman, D. D.

Addresses, Honorable George W. Marshall, M. D., for the Trustees.

George A. Harter, Ph. D. for the Faculty.

Judge Victor B. Woolley, LL. D., for the Alumni.

Henry Ridgely, Esq., for the State Board of Education.

Installation of Samuel Chiles Mitchell, Ph. D., as President.

Response, Music, College Orchestra.

The academic procession to the Women's College of Delaware will form at one o'clock p. m., on the Delaware College Campus in the following order:

College Band and Cadets; Mayor and Council of Newark; State Judiciary; State Officials; Members of the Legislature; Board of Trustees; Faculty; Representatives from Colleges and

Universities and other invited guests; Delaware College Alumni; The Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of the State of Delaware, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; American Flag Council No. 28; Junior Order United American Mechanics.

Dedication of the Buildings of the Women's College and Installation of the Dean two o'clock in the afternoon, Governor Miller, presiding.

Laying of the cornerstone by The Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of the State of Delaware, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, M. W. Grand Master.

Music, College Band.

Dedication of the Buildings and Installation of the Dean.

Prayer and Scripture Reading, Rev. George Edward Reed, D. D.

Presentation of the Keys and Presentation of the Buildings to the Board of Trustees, Hon. Charles R. Miller.

Acceptance of the Buildings for the Board of Trustees.

Installation of Winifred J. Robinson, Ph. D. as Dean of the new Women's College.

Response.

Acknowledgement of Gifts to the Women's College, Mrs. Alfred D. Warner.

Address, Luis Kimball Matthews, Ph. D.

Dean of Women, University of Wisconsin.

Music, "Star Spangled Banner," College Band.

Presentation of the Flag by American Flag Council No. 78, Junior Order United American Mechanics of Newark, Henry Smith, R. S.

Acceptance of the Flag, Honorable Chauncey H. Holcomb.

Salute to the Flag, College Students.

Singing, "America".

Benediction.

Rabbits And Quail Plentiful

Reports from the rural district are to the effect that rabbits and quail are more plentiful this year than for several years past. To the new game laws, which compel every gunner to take out a license some attribute this condition, while others give credit to the general refusal of farmers, last season to allow town and city gunners to hunt on their lands. Those opposed to the present game laws claim that the weather in the spring and early summer was ideal for breeding and raising the young birds and rabbits and that the law prohibiting the running at large of dogs in Sussex County did more than anything else to give the game a chance to multiply.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1914 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT MY RESIDENCE, IN ODESSA
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 28th, 1914
From 7 to 12 A. M.

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE, IN PORT PENN.
SATURDAY, OCT. 31st, 1914
From 9 to 11 A. M.

A. G. COX'S OFFICE, MIDDLETOWN
SATURDAY, OCT. 31st, 1914
From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE,
GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER
30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS
AMENDED:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES,
Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1914 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HAST,
IN TOWNSEND, DEL.,
EVERY MONDAY,
During OCT., 1914,
From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE,
GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER
30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS
AMENDED:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

N. W. VANHORN,
Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

-OF-

Blackbird Hundred!

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1914 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT FLEMING'S LANDING,
MONDAY, OCT. 26th, 1914
From 1 to 3 P. M.

S. A. DAVID'S RESIDENCE, FOREST, DEL.
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 28th, 1914
From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT BLACKBIRD,
SATURDAY, OCT. 31st, 1914
From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE,
GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF
NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

HARRY S. WOODKEEPER,
Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

THE GLOBE CLOTHING STORE, Middletown, Del.

We're Ready Now to Show You

We Urge you to come this week and see the New Things now even though you prefer to buy Later



Unusual Overcoats

Meriting every word of the approval it is certain to receive, this very unusual display of overcoats for men will surely please you.

Superior quality fabrics, cleverly tailored by master workmen into garments that will please you because they serve you and look stylish as long as you want to wear them.

Those Indispensable Little Needs

Complete in every detail—and embracing not only the needed articles, but many luxuries of men's lesser dress requirements—this display will elicit hearty approval from every visitor.

Smart Autumn Neckwear

Autumn colors have nothing on our display of neckwear. From the most gaudy to the very dullest of shades, you will find an ample collection here now.

Some new things in Shirts

Welcome, indeed, is this display of shirts to the man who wants something new and unusual.

A splendid lot of colors and patterns—a good variety of models, and a sleeve length for most every man.

Hats of Class

Well may we smile when we display for your approbation the hats for Fall. Brilliant in design, daring in variety of models—yet withal the most becoming lot of hats we have ever shown.

Be sure and try on one or more on Opening Day—then you'll share our enthusiasm, too.

And Caps, too

The growing popularity of caps is no doubt the reason that so many fetching models are shown—and we know that in the collection here you'll find many to please you.

For the Active Boy

Boys will indeed enjoy seeing what we have for them this Fall, because we selected with care the best wearing fabrics, then had them made over nappy models—brimful of good, lively lines. Suits that will bring joy to every boy who is the proud possessor of one.



THE GLOBE CLOTHING STORE

S. M. Rosenberg, Prop.

MIDDLETOWN

DELAWARE

THE GLOBE CLOTHING STORE, Middletown, Del.

S. E. MASSEY,

WATCHES,
CLOCKES,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE.

Also a Large Stock of

Cut Glass

Howard Watches

Gillette Razors

Repairing and
Silversmithing
a Specialty.We also handle the
WATERMAN'S IDEAL
FOUNTAIN PEN.S. E. Massey,
Middletown,
Del.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

TO THE
Ladies and Gentlemen
of Middletown and VicinityWho are about to invest in a Fall
and Winter Tailor-made Suit or
Overcoats.

That we can promise Tailor-made Suits or Overcoats for the same money it would cost to buy ready-made, because we make it ourselves and make it direct to the wearer with but one profit added to the cost of production. That every garment made by M. Berg, East Main Street, Middletown, Del., is up to the last tick of the clock in style. And is guaranteed for satisfactory service. That anyone can have his or her money refunded for any garment that doesn't turn out right. Stop in and see our beautiful Fall and Winter Samples, guaranteed to be all pure wool. Call and be convinced.

M. BERG

Middletown, : Delaware

HAVE YOUR
Shoes Repaired

AT

J. Applefeld & Bro.

we have bought M. Dektor's old stand, on North Broad Street, near Jones' Meat Shop. We do the best work for less money—work done promptly and well.

J. APPLEFELD & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SECURITY TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

SIXTH AND MARKET STS.
Wilmington, Del.

Prompt & Efficient Service

Latest and Best Methods

—in—

Banking

Administration of Estates

Management of Real Estate

Storage of Valuables

CAPITAL... \$500,000
SURPLUS... \$500,000Don't Throw Your
Old Shoes awayBring them to me, I will make
them look and wear like new

MEN'S HALF SOLES - 50c

Ladies' & Boys' Half Soles 40c

My Work is Strictly Guaranteed

L. FROOMKIN

Kates' Old Stand, East Main St.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

CHIROPODY

MRS. JAMES

Corn, bunions, ingrowing nails or any afflictions of the feet antiseptically and painlessly treated by graduate chiropodist. Also Shampooing, concoloring and Scalp Treatment. Hair Combing made up in the latest style.

HIGH STREET, ODESSA, DEL.

For

NEAT and BEST
JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

HEROISM SHOWN ON BOTH SIDES
IN FIERCELY FOUGHT BATTLES

Bordeaux.—The defeat of 15,000 Prussian guards who attacked the French center September 26 is described in the Petit Glorion. The battle that brought about this result was marked with extraordinary heroism on both sides.

The French artillery, threatened at one time with annihilation by a German charge, killed 2,000 horsemen. On the other hand, a German regiment sacrificed all but 100 of its 3,300 men later in five charges against the French to save the remnant of the guards and enable it to retreat to safety.

As soon as news of the German attack was received, French cavalry was sent to hold the enemy at Auberville, Department of Marne, to give the artillery and infantry time to come up from Souain, near Auberville.

Death's Head Hussars Charge. While the French dragoons were preparing for the defense of Auberville, however, a brigade of Death's Head hussars, avoiding the village, came across vineyards and fields with the intention of surprising the French artillery on the march.

It was a critical moment. The French dragoons were two miles ahead and the infantry two miles behind the guns, who were in danger of being sabered across their guns. The hussars were only three-quarters of a mile away, galloping furiously.

In two minutes the French guns were unlimbered and lined up along the road. The enemy then was only 500 yards away and the command to prepare to charge the guns was heard by the French.

French Slaughter Horsemen. In the charge the Prussian cavalry gathered speed with every yard. When the horsemen were 200 yards away the French gunners aimed and there was a flash of fire. Through the blue smoke the artillerymen saw the enemy's horses rearing and officers trying vainly to rally the broken lines.

A second time the battery hurled death into the doomed brigade. A great silence succeeded the thunder of hoofs and the shouting of men. Two thousand horsemen lay as if struck by lightning. Here and there a wounded horse struggled to shake himself clear of the heaped dead.

But the artillerymen did not wait to gaze on this scene of carnage. They limbered up the guns, and rattled off to aid the dragoons, who were hard pressed and falling back along the highway. This time the struggle was more even.

The German quick-firers returned the shots with interest, but the French infantry arrived and deployed among the vines, a bugle rang out and their bayonets flashed in the sun as they dashed forward.

Without cavalry to aid it the Prussian guard was obliged to fall back. A battalion of Zouaves gilded behind and occupied the valley of the Suppes, threatening to place the guard between two fires.

German Grenadiers Sacrificed. A regiment of grenadiers sacrificed itself to cover the retreat of the German columns on Reims. Five times the grenadiers hurled themselves against the French. They were repulsed every time, and after the fifth charge only one section was left, a handful of men surrounding the flag.

Then one, two, and then ten of the grenadiers threw down their arms. A hundred men, mostly wounded, were all that were left of a splendid regiment. But their sacrifice had not been useless, for it enabled the German column to get under the guns of the forts at Berru and Nogel L'Abbesse.

Desolation in Belgium. London.—A graphic picture of the desolation of Belgium was brought to London by J. H. Whitehouse, member of parliament from Lanarkshire, who has just returned from a tour around Antwerp to assist in relief measures.

"Having always regarded war as the negation of all that is good," said Mr. Whitehouse, "I desired to see what its ravages were in a country exposed to all its fury and what steps were possible to mitigate them. I do not think that any one here has realized the plight of the civilian population of Belgium today. I can attempt to give a picture of it only by describing some of my own experiences."

Ruin Coun't to Stop Foe. Mr. Whitehouse made the journey outside Antwerp with two military cars, attended by Belgian officials. In describing the damage which he says the Belgians had inflicted upon themselves to supplement the defenses of Antwerp, he said:

"Hundreds of thousands of trees had been cut down, so that at some points of our journey we had the impression of passing through a wilderness of roots. The tree trunks had been removed, so as to afford no cover to the

enemy. All houses had been blown up or otherwise destroyed. Later we passed through the country which had been flooded as a further measure of defense. The damage resulting from these precautionary measures alone amounted to \$5,000,000.

Sees Terrible Horrors. "I had read newspaper accounts of the destruction of Termonde and had seen photographs, but they had not conveyed to my mind any realization of the horror of what actually happened. Termonde a few weeks ago was a beautiful city of about 16,000 inhabitants, a city in which the dignity of its buildings harmonized with the natural beauty of its situation, a city which contained some buildings of surpassing interest.

"I went through street after street, square after square, and I found every house entirely destroyed with all its contents. It was not the result of bombardment; it was systematic destruction. In each house a separate bomb had been placed which had blown up the interior and set fire to the contents.

"What had happened at Termonde was similar to what had happened in other parts of Belgium under the military occupation of Germany. 'The whole life of the nation has been arrested. Food supplies which would ordinarily reach the civilian population are being taken by the German troops for their own support. The peasants and poor are without the necessities of life and conditions of starvation grow more acute every day. Even where there is a supply of wheat available the peasants are not allowed to use their windmills, owing to the German fear that they will send signals to the Belgian army.

Situation Unprecedented. "We are, therefore, face to face with a fact which has rarely if ever occurred in the history of the world—an entire nation in a state of malice and that within half a day's journey of our own shores.

"The completeness of the destruction in each individual case was explained to me later by the Belgian ministers who described numerous airplanes which the German soldiers carried for destroying property. Not only were hand bombs of various sizes and descriptions carried, but each soldier was supplied with a quantity of small black disks, a little bigger than a six-penny piece.

"I saw some of these disks which had been taken from German soldiers on the field of battle. These were described to me as composed of compressed benzene. When lighted they burn brilliantly for a few minutes and are sufficient to start whatever fire is necessary after the explosion of a bomb."

Caught in Trap. London.—How the Germans were moved down by a terrific rain of French shells and bullets on the Sedan battlefield, where the Germans won such a brilliant victory 44 years ago, was told in a dispatch received by the Daily Mail from its Paris correspondent.

The terrible carnage was inflicted by the French during the strategic retreat of the allies southward from Belgium, a few weeks ago. "In this second battle of Sedan the French led the Germans into a trap and then killed thousands of them," says the correspondent. "With the pursuing Germans following closely, the French commander ordered his men to cross the river and to take up positions on the opposite heights.

Bridges Blown Up. "The bridges were mined hurriedly, but left standing to deceive the Germans. Unsuspecting the trap, the Germans rushed along and started to cross the bridges in close formation. Suddenly the bridges were blown up and hundreds of Germans were killed.

"Several regiments of Germans had been permitted to cross the river before the bridges were blown up, and the French infantry, using rapid-firers, rushed down upon these Germans while the French artillery on the heights poured shells into the ranks of the Germans on the other side of the river with deadly effect.

"The merciless slaughter of the Germans who had crossed the river continued well into the darkness. When the French no longer could see because night had fallen, they lighted torches and continued their work of carnage. Many Germans attempted to swim the river. Some were drowned, while others were picked off by French sharpshooters.

"The French artillery set fire to the woods on the other side of the river, where the main body of Germans had gone into hiding when the bombardment opened. The fire, which lit up the entire front for a distance of 15 miles, soon drove the Germans out into the open, and the artillery continued its work of killing."

pelins as city destroyers. Even a hundred Zeppelins over London, each destroying two houses a day, he said, would not make much difference, since London builds 60,000 houses a year.

But Maxim did take kindly to the idea of an airship equipped with extra heavy bombs to destroy warships—"bombs that would smash through the deck and explode inside the ship."

August Destoury, a New York mechanic, invented in 1862 the first curved needle to sew turn shoes.

Another member, Dr. A. Dastre, gave details of the successful use of a powerful electro-magnet for the extraction of splinters of steel and even rifle bullets. One such employed by Professor Rollet drew to the surface fragments imbedded six inches and bullets two and a quarter inches.

Other members advised the adoption of specially prepared paper underclothes to prevent cold.

The invention of the baremetal dates back to the year 1643.

OFFICIAL BRITISH REPORT SAYS
GERMANS FIRE ON OWN FORCES

London.—The official press bureau issued a descriptive account of the operations in France of the British force and the French armies in immediate touch with it, communicated by an eye witness present at the headquarters of Field Marshal Sir John French.

"Sept. 25, 1914.—For four days there has been a comparative lull all along our front. This has been accompanied by a spell of fine weather, though the nights are now much colder. One cannot have everything, however, and one evil result of the sunshine has been the release of flies, which were torpid during the wet days.

"Advantage has been taken of the arrival of re-enforcements to relieve by fresh troops the men who have been on the firing line for some time. Several units therefore have received their baptism of fire during the week.

Germans Fire on Own Men. "Since the last letter left general headquarters evidence has been received which points to the fact that during counter-attacks on the night of Sunday, the 20th, the German infantry fired into each other as the result of an attempt to carry out the dangerous expedient of a converging advance in the dark.

"Opposite one portion of our position a considerable massing of hostile forces was observed before dark, and some hours later a furious fusillade was heard in front of our line, though no bullets came over our trenches.

Many Dead in Trenches. "This narrative begins with September 21 and covers only two days. On Monday, the 21st, there was little rain and the weather took a turn for the better, which has been maintained. The action was practically confined to the artillery, our guns at one point shelling and driving away the enemy, who were endeavoring to construct a redoubt. The Germans for their part expended a large number of heavy shells in a long range bombardment of a village.

"Reconnoitering parties sent out during the night of September 21 discovered some deserted trenches, and in them, or near them, in the woods, more than a hundred dead and wounded were picked up. A number of rifles, ammunition and equipment also were found. There were other signs that portions of the enemy's forces had withdrawn for some distance.

"Tuesday, the 22nd, also was a fine day, with less wind, and was one of the most uneventful days that has passed since we reached the Aisne—uneventful, that is, for the British. There was less artillery work on either side, the Germans nevertheless giving another village a taste of the 'Jack Johnsons.'

Bodies in "No Man's Land." "The spot thus honored was not far from the ridge where some of the most severe fighting in which we have taken part has occurred. All over this 'no man's land' between the lines the bodies of German infantrymen are still lying in heaps where they have fallen at different times.

"Espionage plays so large a part in the conduct of the war by the Germans that it is difficult to avoid further reference to the subject. They have evidently never forgotten the saying of Frederick the Great: 'When Marshal Soubise goes to war he is followed by a hundred cooks; when I take the field I am preceded by a hundred spies.'

"Indeed, until about twenty years ago there was a paragraph in their field service regulations directing that the service of 'protection in the field'—outposts and advanced guards—should always be supplemented by a system of espionage.

Many Spies Give Signals. "Though such instructions are no longer made public, the Germans, as is well known, still carry them into effect. Apart from the more elaborate arrangements which were made in peace time for obtaining information by paid agents, some of the methods which are being employed for the collection or conveyance of intelligence are as follows:

"Men in plain clothes signal to the German lines from points in the hands of the enemy by means of colored lights at night and puffs of smoke from chimneys by day. Pseudo laborers working in the fields between the armies have been detected conveying information and persons in plain clothes have acted as advanced scouts to the German cavalry when advancing.

Officers Remain Behind. "German officers and soldiers in plain clothes, or in French or British uniforms, have remained in localities evacuated by the Germans in order to furnish them with intelligence.

"One spy of this kind was found by our troops hidden in a church tower. His presence was discovered only through the erratic movements of the hands of the church clock, which he was using to signal to his friends by means of an improved semaphore code.

"Had this man not been seized it is probable he would have signaled to the German artillery at the time of their arrival the exact location of the headquarters and staff. A high explosive shell would then have mysteriously dropped on the building.

"Women spies also have been caught; secret agents have been found

at the railroads observing entrainments and detrainments. "It is a simple matter for spies to mix with the refugees moving about to their homes; difficult for our troops, who speak neither French nor German, to detect them.

"The French have found it necessary to search villages and also causal wayfarers on the roads for carrier pigeons.

"Among the precautions taken by us to guard against spying is the publication of the following notice printed in French and posted:

"1. Motor cars and bicycles not carrying soldiers in uniform may not circulate on the roads. "2. The inhabitants may not leave the localities where they reside between 6 p. m. and 6 a. m. "3. Inhabitants may not quit their homes after 8 p. m. "4. No person may on any pretext pass through the British lines without an authorization, countersigned by a British officer."

Value of Secrecy Shown. "Events have moved so quickly during the last two months that anything connected with the mobilization of the British expeditionary force is now ancient history. Nevertheless, the following extract of a German order is evidence of the mystification of the enemy and is a tribute to the value of secrecy, well and loyally maintained at the time in England:

"Tenth Reserve Army Headquarters, Mont St. Guibert, Aug. 20, 1914, 23:40.—Corps order, Aug. 21: The French troops in front of the Tenth army corps have retreated south across the Sambre. Part of the Belgian army has withdrawn to Antwerp. It is reported that an English army has disembarked at Calais and Boulogne, en route for Brussels."

DEATH COMES SWIFTLY
TO TWO GERMAN SPIES

London.—A story received from a point in France it is not permitted to specify says:

A soldier comes out from behind a pine tree with rifle and fixed bayonet. "Ou allez vous?" he says, stepping before me and dropping his bayonet point a little toward me.

"Je vals me promener," I reply smiling, and anticipate his next demand by pulling out my case and displaying my special permit, also various other papers and an officially stamped photograph, which proves my identification with the name upon the special permit.

"Monsieur, permit me," says the soldier suddenly in very fair English. "Monsieur is ze man that writes. I shake you by ze hand with v' great pleasure. It is to me an honor!"

We "shake" with enormous emphasis and I compliment him upon his English. He smiles, gratified, and disclaims with great modesty. He beckons me back among the trees.

"One comes!" he says. "Sh! Ze woods here have been many times set in flames. We have suspects these be done with intention."

See Spy Among Trees. He ceased his whisper abruptly and we both bent forward together. A hundred yards down the narrow path among the pines a man in a workman's blue blouse is standing, looking quietly in every direction.

Suddenly he takes a couple of steps in among the trees, stoops and lifts a stone. Far down the hillside at the end of the narrow vista among the trees, a second man was suddenly seen. So utter is the silence that I can hear him plainly as he coughs. He begins to haul on something, and I realize suddenly the meaning of the whole incident, that I am watching. The two men have located the underground private telephone wire going up to the fort. They have been tapping it for any news they might pick up.

Death Is Painless. The soldier is methodical. He takes the distant man first. Kneeling there behind him, I watch with a growing thrill and tension of tragedy and sickness his unburned cheek cudge against the stock of his rifle. Then very slowly it seems to me in that quiet, dreadful moment his stubby cigarette stained forefinger crooks back gently, gently on the trigger.

"Crack!" comes the sharp, snapping bang of the weapon, and the man down the vista of trees gives a queer little jump and then turns right around quickly and looks behind him. And thus looking, and seemingly unaware that he is the person who has been shot, his heart stops and he rolls over quite easily and gently on his side—a merciful enough death, as these violent deaths go, for some of them are so dreadful.

Shoots Second German. And then, as I stare, the rifle goes "crack!" again, and I jump; for I am still looking at the silent figure down the vista of trees.

But the soldier has been attending to his business and has snapped off a second shot at the nearer man, for the man had started to bolt. And because the shot was hastily aimed the second death is as cruel as the first was merciful.

An examination of both bodies shows that the men were German spies, in possession of "ciphered" information that would no doubt prove very helpful to our enemies.

In many cases the stricken burden was so awful they were glad when they died.

Wounded Germans, in the last stages of suffering, finding a water bottle at their parched lips, kissed the hands of the foe who held it to their mouths.

The young Frenchman told me sadly of being embraced and kissed by wounded Germans he had helped on the battlefield.

Belgium has four artificial silk factories.

VIRGINIA HOME
FOR PRESIDENTSProposed by Representative
Levy, of New York.

WOULD SELL MONTICELLO

Representative Levy Writes Bryan
He Abhors The Thought Of Mak-
ing Jefferson's Home
A Museum.

Washington, D. C.—Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson, should be maintained as "the Virginia home of the Presidents," in the opinion of its owner, Representative Levy, of New York, who notified Secretary Bryan that he would consider an offer of \$500,000 for the purchase of the estate by the Government. His communication will be referred to Congress.

"I have always abhorred the thought of Monticello becoming a mere museum," Mr. Levy's letter to Secretary Bryan says. "I have maintained it as a home—the home of Thomas Jefferson—and if I am to part with it I should like that thought to be retained. Make it the home—the Virginia home—of the Presidents of the United States and maintain it for their occasional occupancy and I would be content."

Bryan Had Urged Sale. Mr. Levy's letter was in reply to one from Secretary Bryan urging him to reconsider his determination not to sell the estate. It continues:

"Your suggestion that its acquisition at this time would commemorate the great Democratic administration of President Wilson, which is being conducted on Jeffersonian principles, and would now be more opportune because the President is by birth a Virginian, constrains me to renew by consideration of the whole matter. When I couple with this the great public interest which has been manifested I am convinced that I must put aside my feelings and yield to the national demand and make what to me is the supreme sacrifice of lifelong association."

Since his purchase of the 218-acre estate that remained intact, Mr. Levy wrote, he has added to it until the original acreage of over 700 has been restored.

Bows To Wishes Of Country. "And so, Mr. Secretary," he adds, "I bow to your wishes and those of the American people. For this property, for which I was offered and upon which I have expended \$1,000,000, I designate a price of \$500,000, which will make me more than half donor of Monticello, and thus consummate the people's will."

Replying, Mr. Bryan wrote that he understood the sacrifice Mr. Levy was making, but the fact that the estate would remain a prized possession of the Government should heal the pangs of parting.

"Allow me to express my personal appreciation," the letter adds, "of your willingness to have the purchase made at this time, when the President, the Senate and the House will all rejoice in the opportunity to be connected with the transfer. I hope that Congress will take early and favorable action on the matter."

TURKS IGNORE U. S. PROTEST.

Already Have Proceeded to Abrogate
Capitulations.

Washington, D. C.—Notwithstanding the protest of the powers, including the United States, the Turkish government, in carrying out its program for the abrogation of the capitulations, already has proceeded to put into effect the new and increased customs rates proposed to replace the low arbitrary rates fixed in the capitulations.

As an indication of the good feeling in Turkey toward America, Ambassador Morgenthau advised the State Department that on October 1, the day the abrogation of the capitulations went into effect, he and the minister of war went to Robert College, an American institution, and there arranged for the admission of a special class composed of the Minister's brother and his two sons.

THE CLAYTON BILL PASSED

Senate Completes Administration's
Anti-Trust Program.

Washington, D. C.—The Administration anti-trust program was completed in the Senate when the conference report on the Clayton Anti-Trust bill was agreed to by a vote of 35 to 24. The Senate voted down a motion by Senator Reed, of Missouri, to recommit the bill to conference.

The conference report will now go to the House, where its adoption, with but brief debate, is expected.

As finally agreed to, the bill forbids price discrimination, limits interlocking directorates and prohibits holding companies, where the effect is to "destroy or substantially lessen competition." The bill also declares that "the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce" and exempts labor and farmers' unions from the operation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

"DRYS" GAIN IN CONNECTICUT.

One Town And One District Added To
No-License Territory.

New Haven, Conn.—No license as an issue in the "little town" election in Connecticut made a gain of one town and one district over the license forces. Forty-one towns voted on the question. Thirty-one voted license and ten voted "dry." Counting the towns that did not vote the standing in the State is now 81 for license and 87 for "no license."

EASY TO MAKE THESE MED-
ICINES

In cases of anemia, cabbage (raw) and spinach are distinctly beneficial. Spinach is almost as valuable as lithia water on the kidneys, while the French call it "the broom of the stomach," referring to its cleansing properties.

Lettuce and celery are both good nerve tonics, and a diet of nothing but celery is said by some physicians to be a sure cure for rheumatism and neuralgia.

The free use of this vegetable is always recommended to rheumatic patients. The frequent eating of carrots, it is said, adds to the beauty of the skin, bringing a soft, satiny quality to it. Cattlemen know that it is good for the stock, and country women say it forms blood.

Carrot roots mashed make an excellent poultice for inflammatory surfaces.

Watercress possesses abundant sulphur and iron and imparts these necessary constituents to the blood in the most delightful method possible. Eaten with lemon or oil in the shape of salad, it is a combination of virtues that should be appropriated daily.

The old Romans used to say "Eat cress and learn wit." A good way to make cress salad is to mix it with young dandelion leaves or shredded cabbage and serve with French dressing.

Pert's exports in 1913 amounted to \$37,722,950 in value.

The Human Automobile

The human body, like an automobile, changes fuel (food) into power. When the fuel is too rich, or the mixers and valves are out of order, waste products clog the machinery and reduce the power.

The kidneys, like exhaust valves, should carry off the waste (uric acid), but weak kidneys can't. Uric acid in excess causes headache, weak eyes, rheumatic pains, gravel, dropsy and fatal Bright's disease. Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid. It is the best-recommended special kidney remedy.

A Maryland Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story." Mrs. Martha A. McKinnis, 113 Choptank Ave., Cambridge, Md., says: "For five years I had kidney complaint and finally began to suffer from hemorrhages of the kidneys. I was sick and bed, under the doctors' care and nothing relieved me until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. They rid me of the trouble and the cure has lasted for years."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At drugstores, 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Constipation

Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes, SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

WARWICK

Mrs. S. E. Gunkel, of Warwick, and Mr. and Mrs. John Ernest, of Sasafra, are spending a week at Atlantic City.

Miss Mary Lynch, of Elkton, spent several days of last week with Miss Mame Merritt.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Caulk, of Sasafra, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Williamson.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lipscomb, of Baltimore, were visitors in town last week.

Mrs. Ed. Spear and Mrs. Charles Mullin, of Kirkwood, spent Wednesday with Mrs. S. D. Wilson.

The canner of R. B. Merritt & Son closed this week and the Bohemians will return to Baltimore on Monday.

Mr. H. M. Eaton returned home on Wednesday, after spending some time attending fairs held at Allentown, Holly Oak and other nearby towns.

Rev. A. B. DuPuy and wife are visiting friends in Rock Hall.

Mrs. Robert McDowell returned home from Baltimore, on Saturday.

Mrs. John Holden is quite ill at this writing.

Mrs. L. P. Crawford spent several days last week with her son Mrs. Archie Crawford, near Middletown.

Mr. John Price, of Colorado, visited friends in and near town this week.

Preaching Sunday evening at usual hour. Christian Endeavor at 7 o'clock. All are welcome.

Mrs. S. H. Duryea was the guest of Mrs. John Price on Thursday.

Mrs. Albert Donovan, of near Middletown, spent one day last week with Mrs. S. H. Duryea.

FINE YIELD OF CORN

The largest yield of corn per acre in the State of Delaware was cut, husked and weighed on Saturday last, on the farm of Alonzo Whitlock, about two miles from Odessa, in Appoquinimink hundred. Mr. Whitlock prepared two acres especially for the corn-growers' prize, offered by the State Board of Agriculture, and on Saturday it was officially measured by Prof. Penny of Delaware College and Wesley Webb, secretary of the State Board of Agriculture.

The corn, after being measured, was cut and laid on the ground, husked and hauled to the barn. The yield was found to be 128 bushels and 48 pounds. Mr. Whitlock then cut and husked the other acre and the yield was found to be 128 bushels and 32 pounds.

The corn averaged very nearly two pounds to the hill (it was planted in hills three feet by three feet two inches). One bushel of the corn was taken to be kept until it is thoroughly dry, and at the corn show this fall it will be shelled and weighed. Prof. Penny claims it will dry out 20 per cent; and if such is the case the yield of dry shelled corn will be more than 102 bushels.

The corn is Boone County White, a variety that has won prizes all over the United States. The measuring and weighing are official and the acre will probably win the \$200 prize. Mr. Webb says it is more corn than he ever weighed from any one acre. It is also said there was not a "nubbin" on the whole acre.

CHESAPEAKE CITY

Mr. George West, of Harrisburg, Pa., has been the guest of his brother Mr. Charles West.

Miss Sadie J. May, of Philadelphia, Pa., has been the guest of Miss Anna B. Dunham.

Mrs. Jennie Caldwell, of Coloma, Md., has been the guest of her son Mr. Hugh Caldwell.

Mrs. Frank S. Clayton and daughters spent Sunday with her mother Mrs. Ida Bouchelle.

Mrs. Francis Bennet, of near Cecilton, Md., spent Sunday with her father Mr. N. A. Vanbuskirk.

Mr. Alfred Hanson, of Baltimore, Md., was a guest of relatives in town on Wednesday last.

Mrs. Caroline Buckworth, of Wilmington, Del., is the guest of friends and relatives in town.

Mrs. Charles S. Ellison Jr., and daughter Frances spent Saturday last with Mrs. L. K. Barwick.

Miss Elizabeth Eggert, of Delaware Womens College Newark, spent Sunday last with her parents Rev. and Mrs. John E. Eggert.

Mrs. John Rowan and daughter Agnes and Mrs. Carpenter, of near Earleville, spent Saturday last with friends in town.

Convention of Postmasters

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—To the convention of postmasters of Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina and Delaware, First Assistant Postmaster General Daniel C. Roper yesterday said that the American public would not support civil pensions or superannuated employees, and he advised postmasters to post up in their offices notices to employees that they would be retained only so long as they are capable of earning the salaries paid to them.

First Assistant Postmaster General Roper's statement was taken to reflect those of Postmaster General Burleson and caused lively discussion. Mr. Roper said that when it was known that there would not be civil pensions it would lead to thrift and induce all to provide against old age and superannuation.

"There is no valid reason why positions in the civil service should be retained by those unable to fill them," said Mr. Roper. "The function of the Postoffice Department is administrative, not legislative. The law does not provide for pensions, and neither does it provide for permanence of tenure in the civil service."

POSTMASTERS GET ORDERS

Postmasters have received rigid orders from the United States Postal authorities regarding the shipment of birds and game by parcels post. The ruling provides:

"Postmasters shall not accept for mailing any parcel containing the dead bodies, or parts thereof, of any wild animals or birds which have been killed or are offered for shipment in violation of the laws of the state, territory or district in which the same were killed or offered for shipment. Provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be construed to prevent the acceptance for mailing of any dead animals or birds killed during the season when the same may be lawfully captured, and the export of which is not prohibited by the law in the state, territory or district in which the same are captured or killed."

"Parcels containing the dead bodies of any game animals, or parts thereof including furs, skins, skulls or meat, or of any game or wild birds, or parts thereof, including skins and plumage, may be admitted to the mail only when marked plainly on the outside to show the actual nature of the contents and the name and address of the shipper, provided, however, that no parcel containing fresh game in any form be accepted for transmission beyond the second zone."

"For each evasion or violation of any of the provisions of this law the shipper shall be fined two hundred dollars; the consignee knowingly receiving such articles so shipped and transported in violation of said law shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars; and a like fine shall be imposed on the carrier knowingly carrying or transporting said article."

Eat Vegetables Cut Living

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The consumption of more vegetables and less meat is the remedy for the high cost of living, according to Dean R. L. Watts, of Pennsylvania State College, the principal speaker at the opening session here to-day of the American Vegetable Growers' Association.

"It has always been admitted," Dean Watts said, "that a vegetable diet is more wholesome than one composed largely of meat. If peas and beans were used to a greater extent in the diet of the winter months, the cost of living would be materially reduced."

"The average housewife," Mr. Watts added, "pays her incomplete knowledge of vegetable cookery with heavy butcher's bills."

Various co-operation schemes between the consumers and the farmers to be administered by the different municipalities are on the program for discussion at the sessions which will continue for three days.

Over Production

Because of the over production of certain fruits and vegetables in lower Delaware much of it was not harvested this year. This is particularly true of cantaloupes and is due to the fact that the remarkable success of several growers last year stimulated many others to plant cantaloupes this year. The result was over production and an overstocked market, which made it unprofitable to market much of the late corn. Next year much of the land used for this crop this year will be planted in wheat and corn.

NOTICE!

I, JOSEPH L. BEALE, tenant of the house known as the Port Penn Hotel, situated at Port Penn, in School District No. 63 and 63 1-2, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly, in such cases, made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the Second day of November, A. D., 1914, being the next term of said court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale therein of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

JOSEPH L. BEALE, Prop.

Security Trust and SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

CAPITAL \$ 600,000
SURPLUS & PROFITS 775,000
DEPOSITS 2,500,000

The successful conduct of your business depends largely upon your Trust Company connection which service you receive from the Company of your choice—whether it is courteous, obliging and personal. This is the kind of service we render to all our patrons in all our departments. We are sure you will be much pleased and find great advantage in having an account with us.

OFFICERS

Benjamin Nields, President
John S. Russell, Vice President and Secretary
L. Scott Townsend, Vice President
Harry J. Ellison, Assistant Sec.
Levi L. Maloney, Assistant Treas.

Civil Engineering and Surveying

P. F. JOHNS

Warwick, Md.

(County Surveyor of Cecil County) Land surveys in this and adjacent counties promptly attended to and lines accurately defined. 35 years practical experience. Grades, levels and drainage correctly given. Charges moderate.

For

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

DR. WARREN S. P. COMBS

DENTIST

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
(Office of the late Dr. Stites)

Alabama Peach Trees

C. R. CLAYTON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Fall Overcoats \$10 to \$30

New Balmacaans \$10 to \$25

The New Balmacaans are the Swell Coats for the Young Fellows, see our New Styles at \$10, \$12 and \$15. New Greys, Browns and Green Mixtures. Fall Overcoats in Black, Oxford and Greys at \$10 to \$30. Silk lined and Silk faced at \$15 to \$30.

Patch Pocket Suits

\$10, \$12, \$15

and Special Styles at \$20 and \$25; the very Latest, Best Models in Young Men's Sizes.

New Pin Stripes
New Plain Greys
New Tartan Plaids
in sizes 35 to 38 Chest.

Mackinaws and Sweaters

Very popular this season and we have plenty of them. Sweaters \$1 to \$8. Mackinaws \$5 to \$12. Boys \$4 to \$8.

Biggest Because Best **MULLIN'S** Clothing Hats Shoes
Wilmington, Del.

1914 TIME TABLE 1914



The Iron STEAMER CLIO

Captain Pierce B. Stevens

WILL LEAVE

Odessa and Port Penn for Philadelphia

AND RETURN FROM

Arch St. Wharf, Phila.

AS PER TIME TABLE

ODESSA	OCTOBER	PHILA
Thursday, 1, 6:00pm	Friday, 2, 5:00pm	
Monday, 5, 11:00am	Tuesday, 6, 5:00pm	
Thursday, 8, 12:00pm	Friday, 9, 4:30pm	
Monday, 12, 1:30pm	Tuesday, 13, 12:00pm	
Thursday, 15, 1:30pm	Friday, 16, 2:00pm	
Monday, 19, 6:30pm	Tuesday, 20, 5:00pm	
Thursday, 22, 11:00am	Friday, 23, 4:30pm	
Monday, 26, 2:00pm	Tuesday, 27, 12:30pm	
Thursday, 29, 1:30pm	Friday, 30, 2:00pm	

Steamer will leave Port Penn 1 1/2 hours later than Odessa time.

Grain, Fruit and Stock Freight at Reasonable Rates.

Attention given to the Careful Handling and Prompt Delivery of all consignments.

For information in regard to Freights, apply to

F. B. WATKINS, Manager

Odessa, Delaware
WILLIAM W. ROSE, Purser



TIME TELLS THE STORY

about the quality of the materials and the superiority of workmanship that makes

CLOTHES OF OUR TAILORING

popular and always satisfactory. Why don't you come in and let us take your measure for a becoming suit of one of the smart designs and new weaves that are being favored for the coming season?

M. BERG

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

HARNESS

Anyone needing Harness would do well to examine my line before buying elsewhere. A full line on hand at all times. Also Collars, Fly Nets, Sheets, Coolers, Lap Spreads, Rope and Web Halters, Rope Traces, Plow Lines, Bandages, Toe Weights and Boots, etc. Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. E. Denny

W. Main St. Middletown, Del.

Owen T. Chance

Contracting

HOUSE PAINTER

Middletown, Delaware

Estimates Given. Your Work Solicited
NOTE—As a resident and tax-payer of Middletown, I feel that I am entitled to estimates on local work.

All Work Guaranteed



WINTER UNDERWEAR FOR ALL THE FAMILY

ALL UNDERWEAR AT THE SAME PRICE IS NOT ALIKE. WE HAVE THE EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR "LINES" OF UNDERWEAR. THEY HAVE STOOD THE TEST OF TIME. THEY WEAR WELL: THE BUTTONS CLING: THEY DON'T STRETCH OUT OF SHAPE: THEY DO NOT SHRINK.

OF COURSE, YOU WILL NEED WINTER UNDERWEAR. COME IN NOW AND BUY A SUPPLY FOR ALL THE FAMILY. CHANGING THE WEIGHT OF UNDERWEAR FROM WEEK TO WEEK IS THE BEST WAY TO CATCH COLD. BUY ENOUGH. OUR PRICES ARE LOW.

J. B. MESSICK

Middletown :: Delaware

Middletown Opera House

PROGRAM WEEK BEGINNING OCTOBER 12th, 1914

TUESDAY	FRIDAY
"Josie's Coney Island Nightmare." Two reels. One of those Vitaphone laugh producers.	Second Episode
"Love the Clairvoyant." Vit. Drama.	"The Million Dollar Mystery"
"Eva the Cigarette Girl" and "Boilermaker's Day of Rest." Biograph Comedies.	Two reels. Greatest of all serial pictures.
"Sweetie and the Lord." Another of those Essanay screaming comedies.	Hearst Selig News Pictorial
THURSDAY	Pigs is Pigs." Vit. Comedy.
Daniel Frohman presents Mary Pickford in	EXTRA SPECIAL FRIDAY
"In the Bishop's Carriage"	"War Stricken Louvain"
Four reels. Don't miss this production, it is simply fine.	The first authentic picture of the European war to reach this country. This picture is secured at a big expense, although it is in but one reel. See it sure. Also, one other reel.
Adult admission, Famous Players 15c. Children under 12 years 10c. Also, two other good reels.	SATURDAY
	"Under Fire in Mexico"
	Big war picture in three reels. Also, two other good reels.

H. S. NEWMAN, Exhibitor.

EXTRA

Special Bargains at Peterson's Store

LAUNDRY SOAP, STARCH AND POWDERS

Fels Naptha Soap, P. & G. Naptha, Ivory, Octagon and other makes of Soap, 2 cakes for 9c with starch or washing powd 13c

Groceries

Granulated Sugar.....	7 1-2c lb.
Our Special Coffee.....	19c lb.
Extra Good Coffee.....	22c lb.
Arbuckle and Arison Coffee.....	21 1-2c lb.
Gold Medal Tea.....	39c lb.
Gold Medal Flour.....	47c bag
Gold Standard Flour.....	29c bag

Pork, Sausage—Salt Meats

Loin Chops.....	22 1-2c lb.
Sausage Linked.....	18c lb.
Sausage in lb. balls.....	17c lb.
Best Scapple made.....	10c lb.
Fresh Shoulder.....	16c lb.
Cured Picnics.....	16c lb.
Sugar Cured Hams.....	20c lb.

SOLID GOLD AND ROLLED PLATE JEWELRY

Made by the Bixler Co., Every piece warranted. We have sold this line of gold jewelry for the past three years, it is well known, \$250 worth to close out at less than one-half price. Rings, Bracelets, Neck Chains, Charms, Cuff Buttons, Collar Buttons, Emblems and Etc.

Peterson's Department Store

Middletown, Del.

DELAWARE COLLEGE

A part of the Public School System of the State. Tuition free to all Delaware students. Next Session begins September 15. Able faculty. Varied courses. Experimental farm and well equipped shop and laboratories. Beautiful and healthful location. The College has three departments with a four years' course leading to the degrees of A. B. and B. S.

Arts and Science, Agriculture, Engineering, Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Chemical

Also a practical course of two years in Agricultural. For catalogues and other information, address

SAMUEL C. MITCHELL, President
Newark, Delaware

The Women's College of Delaware

Tuition free to all Delaware students. Opens September 15th. Two new buildings, modern equipment, and attractive campus. The College has three departments.

ARTS AND SCIENCE

EDUCATION

HOME ECONOMICS

Four years' course leading to the degree of A. B. or B. S.
Four years' course leading to the degree of B. S., and designed to train teachers for elementary and secondary schools.
Four years' course leading to the degree of B. S., for training in home-making and teaching.

Also a brief practical course of two years in Education or Home Economics, leading to a certificate.

For catalogue and other information, address

WINIFRED J. ROBINSON, Dean
Newark, Delaware

JOS. R. HELDYMER

Cash Store

Eggs 26 and 30 cents. Sole Agents for Farmers' Creamery Butter, 40 cents. Hubers Famous King Midas Bread, Chesapeake Baking Co's. Pound, Marble, Fruit and Layer Cake.

GROCERIES

Salt and Fresh Meats

Especially fine lot of Spring Lamb. Best Lamb Chops 30c lb. Leg of Lamb 25c lb. Fresh Pork and our own make of Sausage and Scapple.
Foreign and Domestic Fruits in Season. Save your Tickets, get 2 per cent. off.

STORE, BROAD & MAIN STREET

PHONE NO. 223 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Visit Wilmington Old Home Week

Sunday, October 11, to Saturday, October 17, '14.

A Splendid Program for Every Day and Evening of Entire Week, as follows:

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 11.	WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14.
Special services, appropriate to the occasion, in the churches.	AFTERNOON.
4 p. m. Concert by Mass Chorus at Washington Heights.	Industrial Pageant.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 12.	THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15.
AFTERNOON.	AFTERNOON.
Formal opening of "Old Home Week" at City Hall by the Mayor.	Parade of military organizations.
Columbus Day parade of Italian societies.	FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16.
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13.	SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17.
AFTERNOON.	AFTERNOON.
Parade of the school children of the city.	Parade of city Fire Department and visiting firemen.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14.	THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15.
AFTERNOON.	AFTERNOON.
Public reception in the lobby of Hotel du Pont.	Mardi Gras and Street Carnival.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15.	FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16.
AFTERNOON.	AFTERNOON.
Parade of the school children of the city.	Parade of city Fire Department and visiting firemen.
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16.	SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17.
AFTERNOON.	AFTERNOON.
Band Concerts in various parks of the city.	Automobile parade.
Exhibition by Wilmington Turnverein and Concert by Delaware Sängerbund at Washington Heights.	Shoot at du Pont Trapshooting Club.
	SUNDAY, OCTOBER 18.
	AFTERNOON.
	River Carnival on Christiana river.

COME AND BRING YOUR FAMILY

Renew old acquaintances and enjoy the splendid program provided for your entertainment. This is a Personal Invitation TO YOU.

Special

Through Train

OCTOBER 18

Washington

Special Train	Leaves	Fare	Special Train	Leaves	Fare	Special Train	Leaves	Fare
Selbyville.....	5:40am	\$2.60	Milford.....	6:40am	\$2.60	Brenford.....	7:23am	\$2.15
Frankford.....	5:51am	2.35	Houston.....	6:50am	2.55	Clayton.....	7:30am	2.10
Dagsboro.....	6:00am	2.90				Blackbird.....	7:42am	2.05
Millsboro.....	6:10am	2.85				Townsend.....	7:47am	2.00
Stockley.....	6:20am	2.80				Middletown.....	7:56am	2.00
Georgetown.....	6:00am	2.75				Mt. Pleasant.....	8:06am	2.00
Redden.....	6:10am	2.75				Kirkwood.....	8:15am	2.00
Ellendale.....	6:21am	2.70				Porter.....	8:30am	2.00
Lincoln City.....	6:32am	2.65						